



LD660A20C16

660nm 20mW 60°C CW Laser Diode in Ø5.6mm TO-18 Can Package

Data Sheet

Rev.02

Description

The Lasermate LD660A20C16 is a 660nm, 20mW laser diode in a Ø5.6mm, TO-can package and with operating temperature of 60°C. The laser diode is suitable as laser light source for many applications, including laser pointers, industrial laser markers/measuring instruments, and high visibility applications.

Features

- 660nm AlGaInP Visible Laser Diode
- Optical output power: 20mW CW
- Operating temperature: +60°C
- Low operating current
- High efficiency
- High precision package
- High power operation
- Package: TO-18, Ø5.6mm

Applications

- Laser pointers
- Industrial laser markers / measuring instruments
- High visibility applications

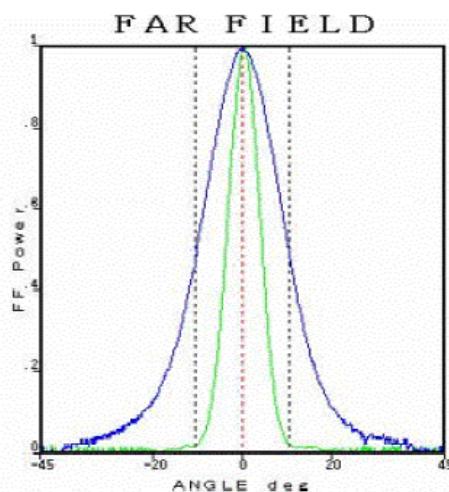
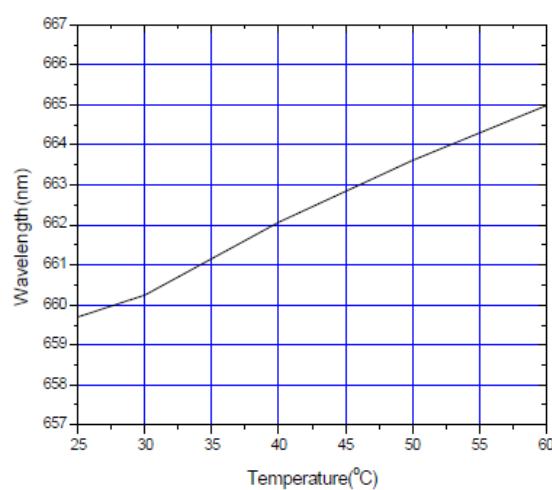
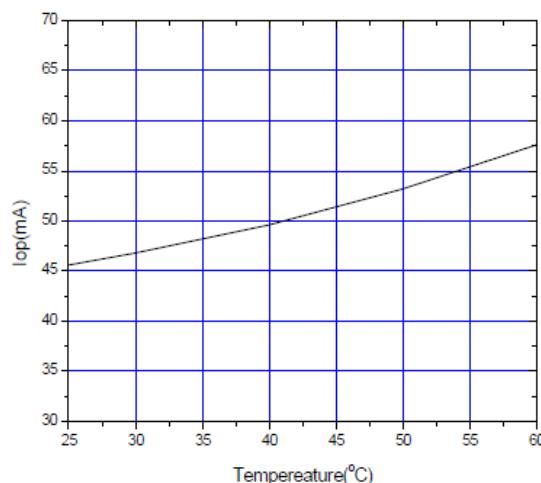
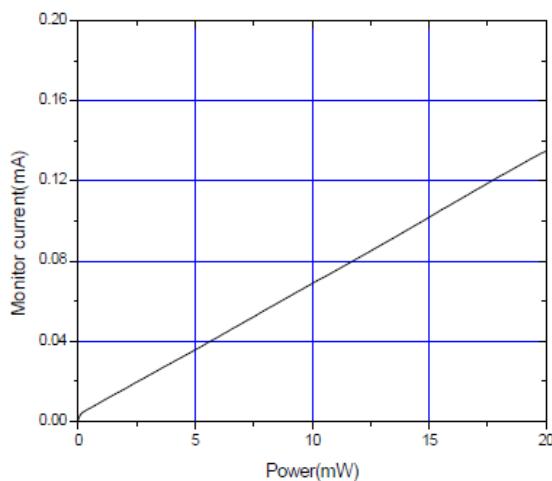
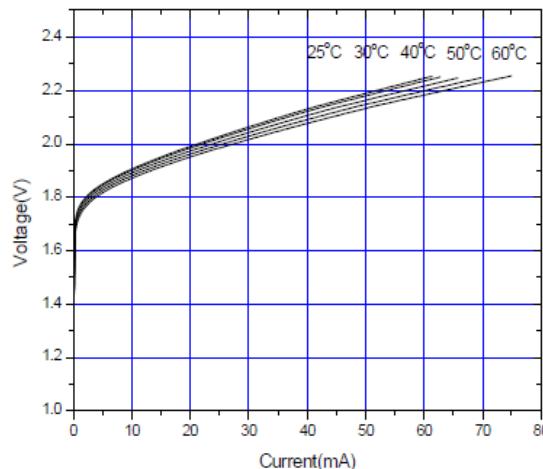
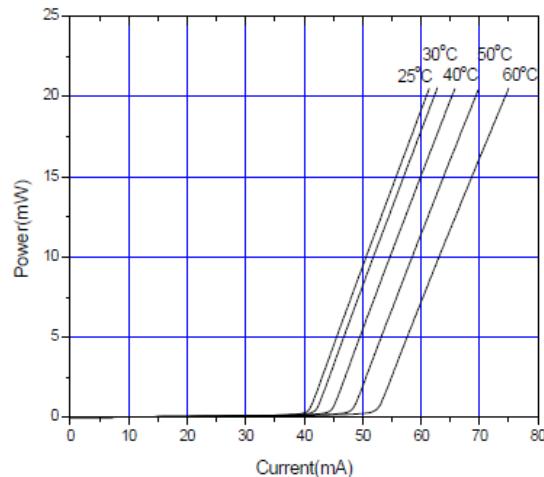
Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING	UNIT
Light output power	P _O	CW	22	mW
Reverse voltage (LD)	V _{RL}	-	2	V
Reverse voltage (PD)	V _{RD}	-	30	V
Forward current (PD)	I _{FD}	-	10	mA
Case temperature	T _C	-	-10 to +60	°C
Storage temperature	T _S	-	-40 to +85	°C

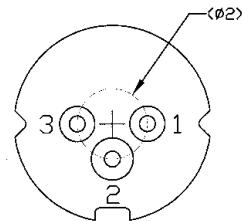
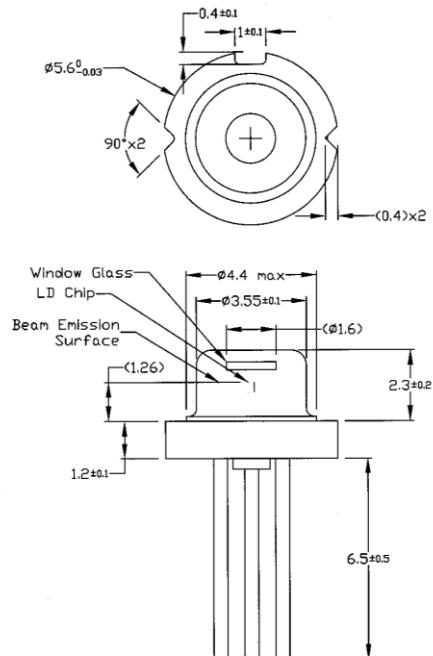
Electrical and Optical Characteristics (T_C = 25 °C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
Peak wavelength	λ	650	658	665	nm	P _O = 20mW
Threshold current	I _{th}	-	42	50	mA	
Operating current	I _{op}	-	70	80	mA	P _O = 20mW
Operating voltage	V _{op}	2.0	2.3	2.6	V	P _O = 20mW
Differential efficiency	η	0.5	0.8	1.2	mW/mA	P _O = 15-20mW
Monitor current	I _m	0.05	0.15	0.5	mA	P _O = 20mW, V _{RD} = 0V
Parallel divergence angle	Θ _{//}	6	8	10	deg	P _O = 20mW
Perpendicular divergence angle	Θ _⊥	14	18	22	deg	
Parallel FFP deviation angle	Δ Θ _{//}	-2	0	+2	deg	
Perpendicular FFP deviation angle	Δ Θ _⊥	-2	0	+2	deg	
Emission point accuracy	Δx Δy Δz	-80	0	+80	um	

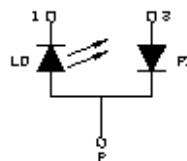
Typical Characteristics



Mechanical Outline (unit: mm)



PIN CONFIGURATION



*Other pin configurations may be available upon request.

Additional Notes

- Do not operate the device above maximum ratings. Doing so may cause unexpected and permanent damage to the device.
- Take precautions to avoid electrostatic discharge and/or momentary power spikes. A change in the characteristics of the laser or premature failure may result.
- Proper heat sinking of the device assures stability and lifetime. Always ensure that maximum operating temperatures are not exceeded.
- Observing visible or invisible laser beams with human eye directly, or indirectly, can cause permanent damage. Use a camera to observe the laser.
- No laser device should be used in any application or situation where life or property is at risk in the event of device failure.
- Specifications are subject to change without notice. Ensure that you have the latest specification by contacting us prior to purchase or use of the product.