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LD650A7A17
650nm 7mW 70°C CW Laser Diode in ⌀3.3mm TO-Can Package

Description

The Lasermate LD650A7A17 is a 650nm, 7mW laser diode in a ⌀3.3mm, small TO-can package and with operating temperature of 70°C. The laser diode is suitable as a light source for many applications, including industry, consumer and health fields.

Features

- 650nm Visible Laser Diode
- Optical output power: 7mW CW
- High temperature operation: +70°C
- Single transverse mode
- TE mode
- Stable reliability
- Package: ⌀3.3mm, TO-can

Applications

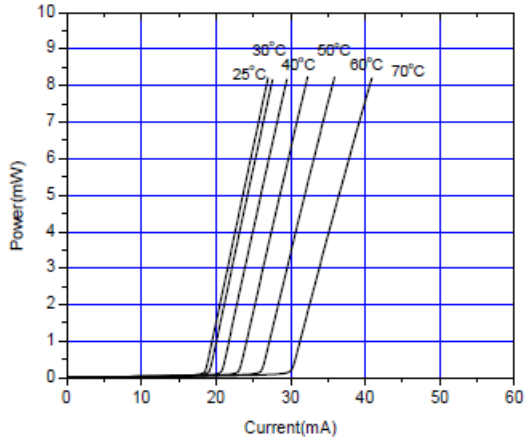
- Industry: Laser level, illumination, meter, scanner, detector
- Consumer: Point light, sweeper, game lighting
- Health: Special wavelength light source

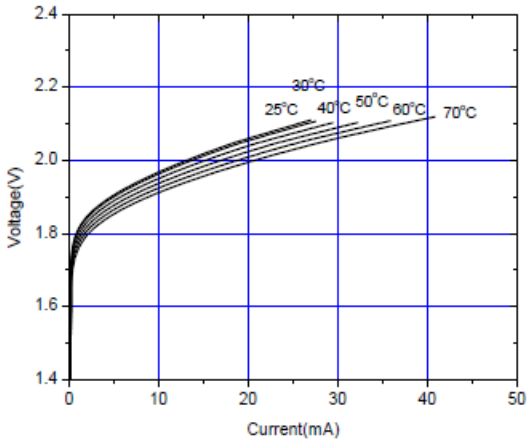
Specifications

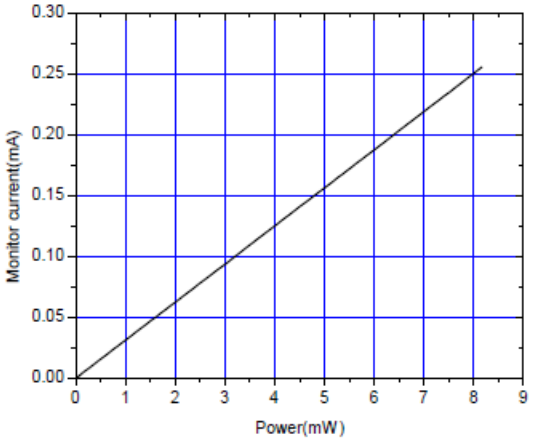
Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Light output power	P_O	CW	8	mW
Reverse voltage (LD)	V_{RL}	-	2	V
Case temperature	T_C	-	-10 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T_S	-	-40 to +85	°C

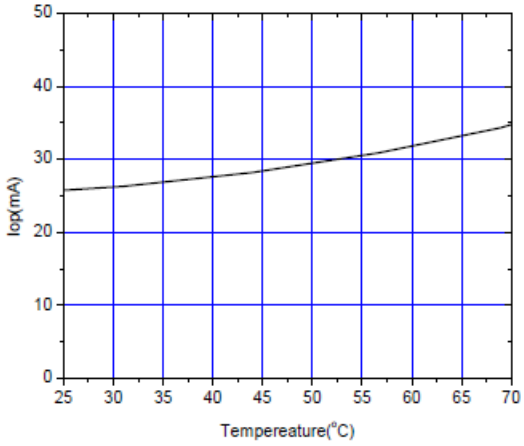
Electrical and Optical Characteristics (TC = 25 oC)						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Peak wavelength	λ	648	655	660	nm	P_O = 7mW
Threshold current	I_{th}	-	20	25	mA	
Operating current	I_{op}	-	25	35	mA	P_O = 7mW
Operating voltage	V_{op}	-	2.2	2.5	V	P_O = 7mW
Differential efficiency	η	0.7	0.9	1.2	mW/mA	P_O = 5-7mW
Monitor current	I_m	0.1	0.2	0.3	mA	P_O = 7mW, V_{RD} = 5V
Parallel divergence angle	$\Theta_{//}$	6	9	12	deg	P_O = 7mW
Perpendicular divergence angle	$\Theta_{\perp}$	25	28	32	deg	
Parallel FFP deviation angle	$\Delta\Theta_{//}$	-3	0	+3	deg	
Perpendicular FFP deviation angle	$\Delta\Theta_{\perp}$	-3	0	+3	deg	
Emission point accuracy	Δx Δy Δz	-80	0	+80	um	

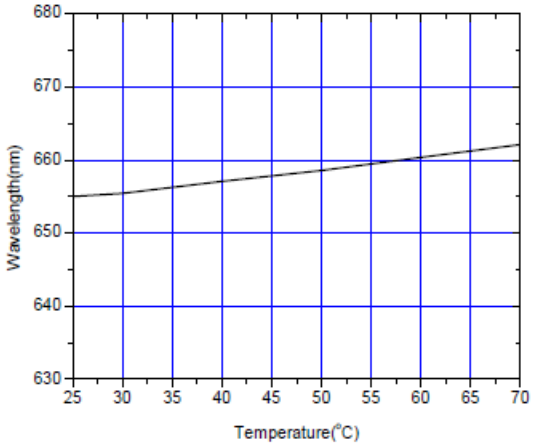
Typical Characteristics

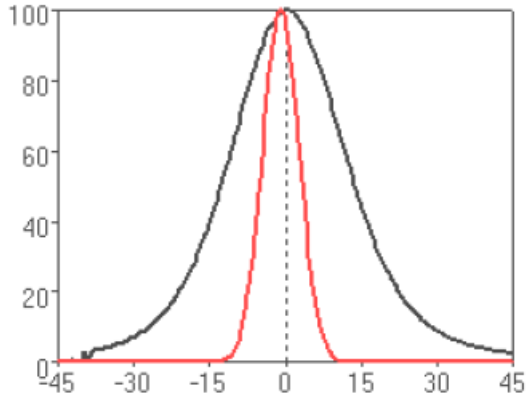




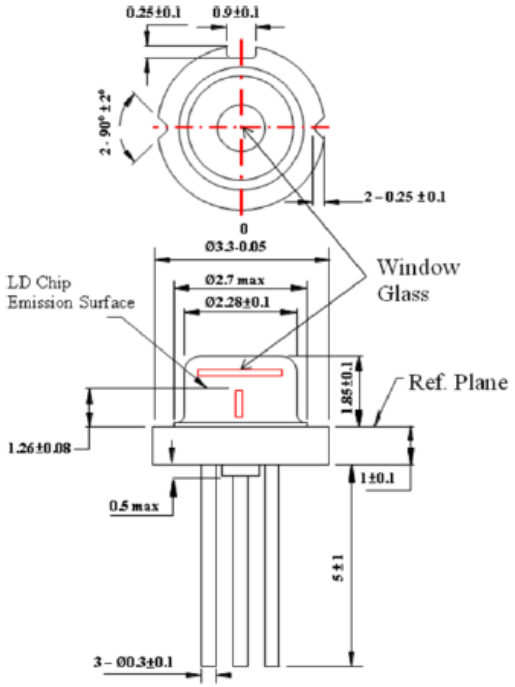


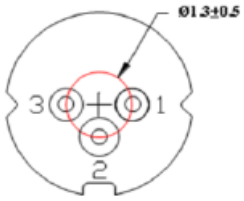




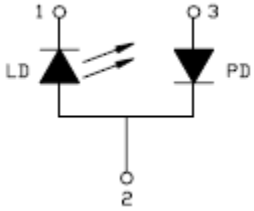


Mechanical Outline (unit: mm)





PIN CONFIGURATION



*Other pin configurations may be available upon request.

Additional Notes

- Do not operate the device above maximum ratings. Doing so may cause unexpected and permanent damage to the device.
- Take precautions to avoid electrostatic discharge and/or momentary power spikes. A change in the characteristics of the laser or premature failure may result.
- Proper heat sinking of the device assures stability and lifetime. Always ensure that maximum operating temperatures are not exceeded.
- Observing visible or invisible laser beams with human eye directly, or indirectly, can cause permanent damage. Use a camera to observe the laser.
- No laser device should be used in any application or situation where life or property is at risk in the event of device failure.
- Specifications are subject to change without notice. Ensure that you have the latest specification by contacting us prior to purchase or use of the product.